







C PECK TECH

Enabling Mine Automation through the Application of Neptec's OPAL and 3DRi Technology Evan Trickey, Dan Lucifora, Peter Wan, Andrew Scott

Haulage and Loading Conference 2013

What Neptec does....



- We develop innovative 3D machine vision products for machine automation and robotics applications in harsh environments
- Spin-out of an award-winning technology innovation company and NASA Prime Contractor



Our history



- Founded as Neptec Design Group Ltd. in Ottawa, Ontario in 1990
- Industry leader in developing innovative 3D sensor, software and robotics technologies for the Space market
- Systems developed by NDG have flown on 40 Space Shuttle mission and the Space Station
- Only non-US recipient of NASA's George M. Low award for quality and performance
- Started exploring opportunities in terrestrial markets in 2009.
- Spin out of Neptec Technologies Corp. in 2011 as a separate company focused on commercialization and product development.



3D laser sensor to inspect the heat shield on the Space Shuttle



TriDAR Laser Sensor: automated docking system for the Space Station (3D scan of the International Space Station shown)

OPAL-360 for harsh environments





- Up to 360° x 60° FOV
- Up to 200kHz data acquisition
- Penetrates obscurants
- Real-time applications
- Survey-grade performance
- 400m to 2.7km range options
- Harsh environment ready! (IP67, no fans, tolerates vibrations)

OPAL LIDAR Sensor Evolution









OPAL-360 Prototype



OPAL-360 Rel 1.0 (Q1/2013)

- Time-to-market release



OPAL-360 Rel 1.1 (2014)

- Size/Cost reduction release



Other variants by request

- Aerial mapping/UAV
- Mobile mapping
- Defence applications



OPAL-120 Rel 1.0 (2013)

Novel sensor concept



- Independently rotating prisms
- Inner prism creates a circular pattern
- "Hut prism" folds and rotates the circular pattern over 360°
- Prism speeds define unique non-overlapping scan pattern



Unique scan pattern





Elapsed Time

- Very fast 360° scanning (30 revolutions per sec)
- No data gaps when stationary
- "Smart scanning"
 - seamlessly switch from sparse to dense scanning

Sample OPAL-360 scans





OPAL-360: 2 second scan



360° scan (~160° shown) 200kHz, 2 second scan Immediately creates sparse 360° data for situational awareness

OPAL-360: 10 second scan



Non-overlapping scan pattern rapidly fills in data gaps (even when stationary) High-resolution survey-grade 3D data in seconds

10 seconds

60 seconds

Can LiDAR penetrate obscurants?



In real-time (no post processing)

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OPAL Technology





Dust in an Open-Pit Mine





OPAL in an Open Pit Mine





3DRi Technology



Technology

- Proprietary, highly efficient algorithms and software for realtime intelligent processing of 3D point clouds
 - From mobile platforms
 - In real-time
 - Extract actionable information
 - Runs on a standard PC

Real-time Features

- Automatic scan alignment (without reference markers)
- Automatic Change Detection
- Automatic Feature Extraction
- Automatic Object recognition
- Automatic Object tracking
- Automatic Image Analysis



More Information, Less Data!

3DRi Software Development Toolkit





3DRi Architecture





External Application

- Setup Scans
- Initiate Scans
- "Housekeeping"
- Save point clouds in standard formats e.g. (x, y, z, Intensity)

3DRi Viewer

Easy to integrate OPAL scanners

Core 3DRi Plug-ins





Geo-reference 3D data to external GPS/IMU data

- Advanced filtering functions to remove noise
- Performs segmentation (ground vs. above ground objects)
- Identify presence of obscurants in 3D data
 - Manage OPAL clear vs. obscurant detection modes
 - Remove obscurant returns from 3D data

Advanced 3DRi Plug-ins



3DRi Align	Automatic scan alignment (without reference markets)
3DRi Segment	 Advanced segmentation (segments moving from stationary above ground objects)
3DRi Detect	• Automatic Change detection (in real-time)
3DRi Identify	 Object recognition (against a database of known objects)
3DRi Track	Object tracking

Mining Applications









- The mining industry is constantly pushing to increase safety and productivity in open pit mines
- Automation is seen as key to supporting this goal, but for automation to work a viable machine vision solution is required

Real-time 3D "robot" vision



To take on greater autonomy, machines need:

- 1. Sensors that can give them an accurate view of their surroundings
- 2. Intelligence to interpret that input and react appropriately to the situation.





And it all has to work in realtime, while moving, at night and in bad weather, in harsh environments and unpredictable dynamic situations





Applications of Interest



- Working with Teck Resources Ltd., Barrick Gold Corp., and Peck Tech Consulting a number of mining application priorities were defined:
 - Truck Spotting
 - Volume Measurements
 - Obstacle Detection
 - Road Profile monitoring
 - Fragmentation Analysis







Challenges



- Dust
- Remoteness
- Weather
- Operator error
- Hazardous environment



Truck Spotting





Source: Steve Fiscor, "Productivity Considerations for Shovels and Excavators"

- Truck backing up beside shovel for loading
- Safety
- Productivity

Spot Assist—Motivations



• Improve shovel efficiency

- Minimize re-spots
- Reduce shovel swing time
- Improve loading process
- Reduce incident costs and related maintenance
 - Truck collisions with shovel
 - Shovel bucket hitting truck
- Reduce clean-up requirements and related maintenance
 - Truck is evenly loaded
 - Less truck maintenance (tire wear)
 - Less clean-up around shovel
- Reduce training requirements
 - Driver training
 - Skilled labour shortage
- Others...



Spot Assist—Motivations



Spot Assist ROI

↑ double side loading
 ↓ bucket swing time
 ↓ occurrences of truck re-spots
 ↓ truck/shovel collisions & related maintenance
 ↓ truck operator training requirements

ROI <12 months depending on specific mine characteristics

Spot Assist - Concept



- LiDAR on the shovel
- Real-time relative truck/shovel position
- Feedback to truck driver during spotting

<u>Requirements</u> Rugged(!) Reliable

Accurate Self-contained Cost effective

Truck Leaving Scan Mosaic





Application: Spot Assist





Haul Truck Bin Volume









The volume of material in the bin was calculated to be $^{149.7}$ m³



Truck with Bin Contents Highlighted





Fragmentation Analysis





Demonstrate the use of 3D OPAL data for fragmentation analysis using a 3D algorithm developed by Neptec

A subset of the data was used to develop the algorithm for practicality reasons, but algorithm can easily be applied to the full muck pile



Photograph and Raw Scan Data (rotated for perspective view) of Area Used for Analysis

Processing Steps





OPAL 3D Fragmentation Analysis





Photograph and Colourized Fragmentation Analysis Result

OPAL 3D Fragmentation Analysis

This kind of fragment analysis processing could be applied to scan data obtained from the active face, the bin of a haul truck or the dipper of a shovel.

OPAL enables data collection and analysis to be completed "in-process" despite dusty conditions originating from working mine equipment.

Fragment size distribution that was calculated and output by the algorithm.

- OPAL and 3DRi are the sensor and intelligence that can provide true 3D robotic machine vision for harsh environments
- OPAL and 3DRi have the potential to deliver mission-critical 3D machine vision for mine automation
 - Improved Safety
 - Process Monitoring
 - Process Optimization
- OPAL & 3DRi is future-proof
 - Same OPAL hardware supports multiple applications
 - Improve Customer Return on Investment (ROI) by adding new applications via software upgrades

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More information, less data!

3DRÎ

OPAL

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